

Snowy Egret. Photo: Jean Hall/
Audubon Photography Awards



Audubon | FLORIDA

Naturalist

Summer 2025



Julie Wraithmell, Executive Director

Floridians care deeply about their public conservation lands. You made that very clear in May when you wrote letters, signed petitions, called your representatives, crafted signs, and talked to the media to protect 600 acres of the Guana River Wildlife Management Area from a land-swap proposal. You did it again when you wrote to your House and Senate elected officials to advocate for full funding for the Florida Funding land conservation program, and then express your disappointment with their final budget.

Grassroots advocates have always been the secret to our success at Audubon, starting 125 years ago when a group of dedicated conservationists came together to protect wading birds from hunting. Then you worked to stop development in the Everglades, halted an ill-fated barge canal across the state, advocated for endangered species protections, and so much more. Today we face daunting issues—urban sprawl, water quality issues, and a changing climate—but you continue to be what hope looks like for a bird.

We need our flock to be as strong as possible as we face these conservation headwinds. Talk to your friends and family about following us on social media, joining our email list, or visiting the Center for Birds of Prey and Corkscrew Swamp Sanctuary. Together, we can create a more resilient future for both birds and people.

Learn more at: audubon.org/florida



Julie Wraithmell, Executive Director,
Audubon Florida



Carol Timmis, Chair

Summer in Florida: Chicks on the beaches, the start of regular rain in places like Corkscrew Swamp Sanctuary, and the end of a very busy baby raptor season at the Center for Birds of Prey. Here at Audubon, we never have a slow season. In fact, we're currently wrapping up a study of Tricolored Herons (page 11), analyzing the recent legislative session (page 5), planning the Audubon Florida Assembly in October

(page 3), and so much more.

One of the things that I love about the team at Audubon Florida is that they're always drawing inspiration and experience from the past to protect birds and the places they need today. If you're in Northeast Florida or Central Florida between July and December this year, check out our 125-year retrospective exhibit at the Jacksonville airport and the Lyonia Environmental Center to be re-inspired by our long history of conservation success (page 12).

Birds are our superpower. Their beauty, songs, and personalities capture the imagination of people around the world; their heroic migrations help us see the connections between distant habitats. Despite the hot weather, I hope you see wonderful birds this summer. Thank you for your support of Audubon Florida.



Carol Colman Timmis, Chair,
Audubon Florida

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2025

Audubon Assembly

Power of Birds, Power of Us: Science and Joy as Catalysts for Conservation

OCTOBER 16-18

The 2025 Assembly will be held at the Mission Resort + Club in Central Florida. With learning sessions, a keynote presentation, awards, and field trips to some of the birdiest hotspots in the region, Assembly is a great opportunity to network with Audubon members, staff, and volunteers across the state.



Keynote: Acclaimed
author and illustrator
Rosemary Mosco!

American Kestrel. Photo: Jason Ganz/
Audubon Photography Awards



Visit audubon.org/florida/assembly
for updates and registration details.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING of the membership of The Florida Audubon Society. Pursuant to the Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws, notice is hereby given that the Annual Membership Meeting of the Florida Audubon Society will be held on Saturday, October 18, 2025 at 1 p.m. The meeting agenda will be to receive a financial report and hear any comments of the membership to the Board of Directors. A Meeting of the Board will follow immediately upon the conclusion of the Membership Meeting. For questions, contact Adrienne Ruhl at Adrienne.Ruhl@audubon.org.

New Seabird Nesting Sites Protected Thanks to Eagle-eyed Panhandle Community Members

Least Terns are small, plucky seabirds that nest right on the sand—traditionally on beaches. However, as safe beach habitat becomes scarcer, they sometimes nest in unexpected places like gravel rooftops and construction sites. While our biologists and volunteers work hard to find and protect these nests, it's not always possible to cover every patch of open ground. This year, however, local community members have stepped up. Thanks to their keen eyes and timely reports, several overlooked colonies were discovered and are now thriving.

OKALOOSA ISLAND

Tom McLaughlin, a reporter for the *Pensacola News Journal*, has covered stories on nesting shorebirds and seabirds for years. One afternoon at his local Elks Club, he happened to glance at the empty lot next door and noticed a cluster of Black Skimmers resting on the sand. Trusting his instincts, he reached out to his contacts at Audubon to report the sighting. This area sat quite a distance from where local Audubon staff were located but they quickly made a few phone calls and a biologist from the Okaloosa County Natural Resources Department arrived to investigate. Although the Black Skimmers were just visiting, the biologist found Least Tern nests! The Audubon team is now monitoring the colony, and the property owners kindly agreed to hold off on any construction activity until the nesting season concludes.

NAVARRE BEACH

With each passing nesting season, coastal development continues to encroach on the limited habitat remaining for our imperiled beach-nesting birds. When longtime steward and local bird advocate Maggi Roberts was alerted by a friend about Least Terns nesting at a construction site on Santa Rosa Island's Navarre Beach, she immediately notified Audubon Florida staff. We learned that the land surrounding the paused project had been cleared of all vegetation and now included three expansive sandy lots filled with mixed shell and gravel, creating the ideal seabird nesting habitat. After our team installed symbolic fencing at the site to help minimize disturbance, the colony that started out with only 17 nesting birds grew exponentially in



the following weeks, with a count of 250 nesting Least Terns. The biggest surprise was the group of 25 Black Skimmers that later joined to nest among the rowdy bunch of terns.

The colony continued to experience success as we entered the peak of chick rearing season in late June. On June 25, biologists recorded an incredible 655 adult Least Terns with 503 nests at the site and 52 Black Skimmers with 24 nests, making it the largest colony they are monitoring in the Panhandle! More than 120 Least Tern chicks have already fledged from the site this season, with more to come.

INDIAN PASS

Least Terns often seek out freshly formed beach habitat, and the ever-changing shoreline of Florida's Eastern Panhandle offers just that. This year, members of the Indian Pass Sea Turtle Patrol spotted Least Terns and Black Skimmers nesting on a newly stabilized former sandbar. They also noticed people driving golf carts out to the site. Thanks to their report, Audubon staff confirmed three active nests and quickly roped off the area with protective signage, enabling the colony to grow from three nests to 15 in just a week. Without this timely action, these eggs could have been crushed by unsuspecting beachgoers. Instead, this colony fledged 31 chicks.

With 825 miles of sandy beach in Florida, Audubon's 10 full-time and 13 seasonal staff have their hands full protecting the state's beach-nesting birds. More than 300 volunteers lend their talents in an average year. This year, several went above and beyond by spotting colonies forming in unconventional locations and notifying Audubon biologists so they could be protected quickly.

A Busy—and Extended—Legislative Session Ends with State Park Protections Bill

The 2025 Florida Legislative Session closed with a mix of good and bad bills that will impact the environment and quality of life for years to come. Audubon’s staff and chapter advocates were a loud and effective voice for natural resources through the session and into budget overtime. Thank you for your tenacity and endurance!

Good Bills Signed into Law

HB 209, State Park Preservation Act, passes and is signed by Governor DeSantis. This legislation was prompted by the groundswell of opposition in Summer 2024 when incompatible golf courses and other facilities were proposed in state parks. The bill prohibits those uses in state parks and was buoyed by advocacy from constituents in every district.

HB 1143 - Protections for the Apalachicola River basin from oil and gas exploration.

SB 948 - "Renter beware" disclosure requirements for flood-prone properties.

Bad Bills that Died

HB 1169 - A bill that could have constrained the conservation work of water management districts never made it through the session.

SB 1118 - A bill that would have potentially reduced or eliminated the power of local referenda to regulate housing density and would have undermined local control over zoning decisions.

SB 1142 - A bill that would have allowed landowners to remove conservation protections from small properties (under 15 acres) that are mostly surrounded by development, weakening efforts to manage stormwater, prevent flooding, and protect habitats.

Bad Bills that We Improved

SB 1080 - A bill that could have led to uncontrolled urban sprawl was improved before passing both the House and Senate.

Bad Bills Signed into Law

SB 492 - The Governor signed into law this wetland mitigation banking bill which removes requirements that mitigation credits are purchased within the same watershed as the impacts and could lead to flooding and water quality declines.

SB 180 - The Governor signed into law this bill aimed at strengthening disaster recovery but also blocks local governments in Florida—within 100 miles of a hurricane-impacted area—from adopting any comprehensive plan amendments deemed more “restrictive or burdensome.” This broad and vague language effectively prohibits these communities from tightening local growth regulations, regardless of need.

Budget Highlights Audubon was dismayed by the Legislature’s stark underfunding of the Florida Forever land conservation program, one of the state’s most important tools for protecting natural lands. **Out of a \$117.4 billion state budget, only \$18 million was allocated to secure future parks, forests, and wildlife areas**—far short of what’s needed to meet demand and preserve Florida’s natural heritage. Similarly, despite the attention our state parks received this year, they were allocated just \$36.5 million for land and facilities management.

On a more positive note, **Everglades restoration efforts will continue with a strong \$742 million investment.** Additionally, the **Rural and Family Lands Protection Program received \$250 million to help preserve working farms and ranchlands**—key to both Florida’s environment and economy.

However, the Water Quality Improvement Grant Program received no funding this year. Instead, most water-related funding was directed to the Wastewater Grant Program for discretionary member projects, reducing the state’s ability to prioritize investments based on environmental need and measurable outcomes. On June 30, 2025, Governor DeSantis signed the state budget, delivering good news for land conservation by vetoing the Legislature’s proposed \$200 million sweep from previously appropriated funds for the Ocala to Osceola Corridor and Caloosahatchee Big Cypress Land Acquisition Projects. **However, a major disappointment was his veto of the \$6.5 million allocated for the long-awaited restoration of the Ocklawaha River.**

Tidal Wave of Grassroots Support for Conservation Saves 600 Acres in Northeast Florida

On May 14, Audubon Florida's Executive Director Julie Wraithmell was surprised to see a notice for a last-minute meeting of the Acquisition and Restoration Council (ARC) scheduled for the very next week. A few hours later, the State posted a meeting agenda with an alarming proposal: To trade a portion of vulnerable and valuable Guana River Wildlife Management Area in St. Johns County to a private entity—likely for development. While the proposed swap would have provided five new acres for every acre currently owned, the proposal was light on details.

DEVELOPMENT THREATENED

The agenda item stated that the wetlands of the existing parcel would be “avoided”—meaning the applicant intended to develop the uplands into some other land use. This development could have severely impacted the conservation area and surrounding wetlands, perhaps through the building of a golf course or housing. Such a proposal would bulldoze habitat Florida has invested significant taxpayer dollars in restoring over the last 30 years, home to gopher tortoises and a popular recreational destination for hunters and hikers.

Moreover, the change in land use would likely have impeded waterfowl hunting on Guana Lake and would have complicated efforts to apply prescribed fire to adjacent Guana Wildlife Management Area, Guana State Park, and Guana-Tolomato-Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve. Stormwater runoff from a new development would further harm the water quality of Guana Lake, a designated Outstanding Florida Water.

AUDUBON FLIES INTO ACTION

Even without all these shortcomings, the fundamental issue remained: Florida's conservation lands are not held in trust for the public simply until a developer wants them. There was no way this parcel could meet the standard of “no longer needed for conservation purposes” necessary to dispose of conservation lands.

Audubon immediately alerted members through an email and social media petition, asking them to sign our letter to stop the ill-conceived land swap.

Across the region and throughout the state, Floridians dedicated to protecting conservation lands made their voices heard. They shared the news on social media,

called their elected officials, crafted signs, registered to speak at the ARC meeting, and so much more. We received more than 50,000 submissions to our petition to protect critical conservation lands in Northeast Florida!

SUCCESS

The Florida Department of Environmental Protection announced that the applicant of the proposal to swap a portion of valuable and vulnerable Guana River WMA withdrew their agenda item in the face of overwhelming public concern.



Outdoor enthusiasts love hiking in Guana conservation lands in Northeast Florida. Photo: Erika Zambello/Audubon Florida

“In a state with a history of swampland scams and shifting baselines, the public has learned to be skeptical of proposals that are big on promises and light on details,” explains Executive Director Julie Wraithmell. “The burden of proof is on the applicant to demonstrate the value to the public trust; the information available to the public fell far short of Floridians' expectations for transparency and accountability.”

Protecting 600 acres in Northeast Florida—right on the heels of a unanimous vote in the Florida House and Senate to increase protections for state parks—is a stark reminder of the power of grassroots advocacy in protecting Florida's special places. Thank you to everyone who signed a petition, shared your thoughts, contacted your representative, and attended an advocacy event.

Audubon staff will continue to monitor this potential project and alert the public to any further development.



Photo: RJ Wiley

Corkscrew Swamp Sanctuary Offers Nighttime Nature Experiences and More

Walking through a swamp is an immersive sensory experience, with unique sights and sounds. On a regular day, one can see giant bald cypress trees dripping with ferns and orchids and hear the calls of resident woodpeckers, hawks, and more. However, experiencing a swamp at night is absolutely surreal.

Audubon's 2.25-mile boardwalk is one of the best places to experience the swamp at night, when everything looks different under the moonlight. Your feet stay dry while you explore this magical habitat. Nighttime sounds are remarkable and include singing insects, calling owls, and croaking frogs, oh my! There is even a chance of catching a glimpse of bioluminescent fungus that appears on tree trunks after heavy rains.

There are many opportunities to enjoy the Sanctuary, including guided night tours, sunset strolls, early birding tours, and a Butterfly Identification Workshop and Walk on September 22.

Florida residents (with proof of residency) can enjoy half-price admission in August and September. The Sanctuary will be closed for annual maintenance from August 16-29.

Online tickets for guided experiences, the butterfly workshop, or anytime admission is recommended at: audubon.org/corkscrew/visit.

Audubon's Corkscrew Swamp Sanctuary is the gateway to the largest old-growth bald cypress forest in North America. The Blair Visitor Center and 2.25-mile boardwalk are located at 375 Sanctuary Road W. in Naples. Open daily, off-season hours from May through mid-December are from 8 a.m. to 3 p.m., with the last admission at 1 p.m. Regular admission is \$17 for adults, \$6 for kids 6-14, and free for children under 6 and Sanctuary members.



Keith Laakkonen, Sanctuary Director, was named a Defender of the Gulf by Gulfshore Life Magazine.
Photo: Zee Anna Photography

Award Highlights Sanctuary Director's Efforts to Protect Water Quality

Congratulations to Keith Laakkonen, Corkscrew Swamp Sanctuary director, for being selected as one of six Defenders of the Gulf for 2025 by Gulfshore Life Magazine. For its April "sustainability" issue, the publication chooses visionaries working across different fields to safeguard paradise along the Gulf shore.

When challenges threaten what makes Southwest Florida special, these local leaders step forward—not just with bold solutions, but with a commitment to protect what matters most.

From the article: "Keith's love of the region's wildlife and wild spaces extends well beyond spectatorship...The environmentalist understands that protecting wetlands extends far beyond Corkscrew's 13,000 acres—it demands strategic partnerships across the region."

Read the entire article:
gulfshorelife.com/people/defenders-of-the-gulf-2025/



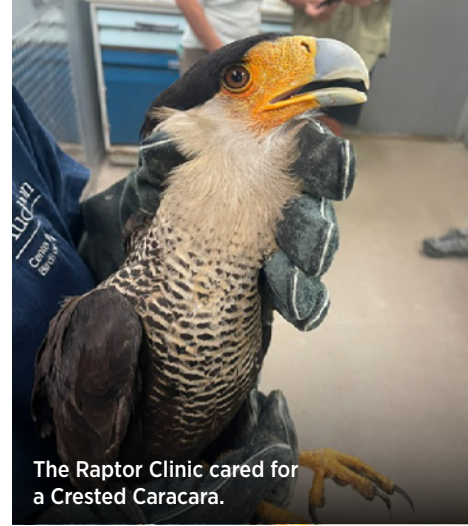
Common Threats, Rare Species: Spring at the Center for Birds of Prey

Rehabilitating Bald Eagles is a specialty of the Audubon Center for Birds of Prey. Since it opened in 1979, the center has released nearly 800 of them back to the wild, and it serves as the home base for Audubon Florida's EagleWatch community science program. The team at the center's Raptor Trauma Clinic is used to seeing eaglets injured after falling from their nests, poisoned after eating rodenticide-laced rats, or orphaned after their parents are killed in territory fights, car strikes, and other incidents. Still, it was a shock when, in the span of three weeks, four eaglets fell from two West Orange County nests. Two of those eaglets were injured after becoming entangled in plastic and did not survive.

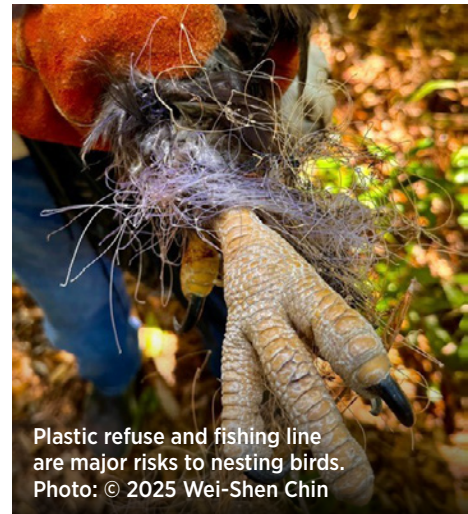
EagleWatch volunteers Gloria Green and Dr. Wei-Shen Chin monitor the two nests in the town of Oakland, and they were heartened to see five eaglets hatch this year. Now, at the end of Florida's Bald Eagle nesting season, just one eaglet remains unscathed. Green says she has never experienced such a tough season in her many years as an EagleWatch nest monitor. She and Chin are urging the public to responsibly dispose of all plastic waste, especially fishing line—one of the eaglets died after dangling from its nest with fishing line around its leg. Fishing line is of particular danger to Bald Eagles and other "fish specialists," or species that consume mostly fish, like Ospreys, wading birds, and shorebirds. If left in the environment, it can easily be confused for nest material or picked up accidentally while a bird is fishing for its next meal.

Another eaglet that died was tangled in green construction netting, its injuries so severe it had to be euthanized. It's a stark reminder that plastic waste in the environment can have tragic consequences for wildlife.

While Bald Eagles are one of the center's most frequently treated species, the center also saw an unusual species this spring. Patient 293, a Crested Caracara, was hit by a car in the St. Cloud area. It is only the fourth caracara to be treated at the center within the last five years. After being treated for dehydration, ocular trauma, abrasions, and bruising, it returned to the wild. A federally-listed Threatened species, the Crested Caracara is widespread throughout Central and South America, but in the U.S. it can only be found in Florida and parts of the Southwest.



The Raptor Clinic cared for a Crested Caracara.



Plastic refuse and fishing line are major risks to nesting birds. Photo: © 2025 Wei-Shen Chin

Celebrating 40 Years of Baby Owl Showers

In May, the Center for Birds of Prey hosted its 40th annual Baby Owl Shower, a community event celebrating and fundraising for the influx of baby raptors the center treats during the spring "baby season." With more than 400 guests, and over \$15,000 raised (including the value of donated items), it was a huge success! Guests enjoyed scavenger hunts, bird meet-and-greets, story times with the local library, giveaways from community partners, free face painting, a ticketed drawing, and a chance to vote for the cutest baby raptor. (For the record, Maple the Barred Owl, pictured below as a chick, was the winner!)



Ding-Dong, the Ditch is Dead: Restoration Plugs Picayune's Miller Canal

The Picayune Strand Restoration Project in the Western Everglades is finally nearing completion with the construction of the Miller Canal plugs.

In the mid-20th century, overzealous developers built hundreds of miles of canals and raised roadbeds in an ill-fated and infamous "swampland swindle" scheme to create residential neighborhoods in the Western Everglades. In the process, they drastically altered the natural water levels of the region, destroying habitat for wading birds, fish, Florida panthers, and more. Most of the roads and all of the canals in the area formerly known as Southern Golden Gate Estates have been removed or plugged, while three new pump stations are already reducing the flooding risk of nearby communities.

As the first Comprehensive Everglades Restoration Program (CERP) project to begin construction, the Picayune Strand Restoration Project will restore water flows to a portion of Collier County in Southwest Florida.

Like the other three major drainage canals, Miller Canal has now been restored by using original dredged spoil to create "plugs" to stop flows. The remnant habitat pools between the plugs act as wildlife refugia along the twelve-mile-long stretch that now feeds the estuaries of the Ten Thousand Islands instead of being shunted straight to the sea.



Audubon Southwest Florida Policy Associate Brad Cornell was ebullient: "Restoring the world's largest subdivision back into diverse and wonderful sloughs, downstream estuaries, and pine islands for panthers, bears, Red-cockaded Woodpeckers, manatees, and Wood Storks is a hopeful sign for us all!"

Southwest Policy Associate Brad Cornell celebrates the completion of the Picayune Strand Restoration Project, which will fully restore water flows to nearly 70,000 acres.

Only a final levee culverting project remains before the overall Picayune restoration crosses the finish line. Audubon hopes to celebrate the completion of this massive Western Everglades restoration in late 2025 or early 2026. Now hydrologically complete, the Picayune Strand Restoration Project's full restoration flows are rejuvenating over 70,000 acres of wetlands, and the many pine islands in the Picayune Strand as well as nearby public lands such as the Fakahatchee Strand State Preserve, the Ten Thousand Islands National Wildlife Refuge, Rookery Bay National Estuarine Research Reserve, and the Collier-Seminole State Park.

Bulldozers are used in restoration in order to reverse the ditching and draining of the Western Everglades. Engineers not only plug canals but re-create the natural, gradual slope of the watershed, allowing surface water to drain slowly to the Gulf as it did historically. Photo: Erika Zambello/Audubon Florida



Spotlight: Wading Bird Research and Conservation

Joe and Gail Pizzuto support the important work of the Florida Coastal Islands Sanctuaries team as they protect water birds and the places they need to rest and forage.

“My wife and I wanted to make a grant to Audubon Florida because their science-driven conservation work is vital for protecting the state’s unique birds and habitats, which face increasing threats from development and climate change.”

- Joe Pizzuto



“After recent hurricanes caused significant habitat damage along Florida’s coasts and wetlands, supporting Audubon Florida helps ensure that restoration efforts can repair and preserve these critical ecosystems for both wildlife and future generations. Being an avid ethical bird photographer, it’s also easy to appreciate the need for continued conservation efforts,” Pizzuto adds.

Chapter Conservation Win: Sarasota Audubon Defeats Development Proposal That Would Harm Adjacent Celery Fields Wetland Restoration

In a major conservation win, Sarasota Audubon Society successfully led efforts to block a housing development proposed directly on flood-prone land that drains to the Celery Fields, Sarasota County’s iconic, restored wetland and birding destination. On February 7, the Sarasota County Commission voted 5-0 to deny the rezoning, citing overwhelming evidence of environmental and public safety risks presented by Sarasota Audubon.

From the beginning, the chapter mobilized a broad coalition of birders, scientists, and neighbors. Sarasota Audubon crafted a strategic campaign—presenting compelling bird data, organizing community voices, and delivering a powerful presentation at the commission meeting.

A central focus of their argument was the land’s severe flooding risk. The proposed site is 67% floodplain and lies adjacent to the Celery Fields, which doubles as the County’s largest stormwater holding space.

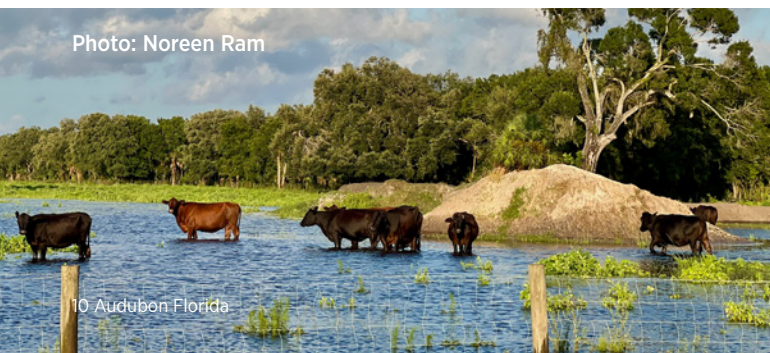
During Tropical Storm Debby, the Celery Fields and the adjacent property experienced extensive flooding, an undeniable sign that it is unsuitable for residential development. Sarasota Audubon emphasized that any attempt to develop the land would likely exacerbate flooding in neighboring communities, a public safety concern that resonated deeply with both residents and commissioners.

The chapter also provided evidence of potential ecological impacts using eBird data. Nearby Ackerman Park, once home to more than 170 bird species, now hosts fewer than 60 after another development surrounded it. Allowing development here would shrink critical buffer zones, pushing bird species inward, increasing competition, and degrading the ecosystem.

Sarasota Audubon further reminded commissioners of their own precedent: The County had previously entrusted the chapter with the Quad parcels. The Quads create an important buffer zone for the Celery Fields, affirming the importance of protecting the area’s perimeter.

This vote is a testament to Sarasota Audubon’s trusted leadership, science-based advocacy, and deep commitment to protecting habitat, wildlife, and community resilience.

Photo: Noreen Ram



10 Audubon Florida

Tricolored Herons nest in groups in the Tampa Bay region. Audubon is working to boost their nesting success. Juvenile Tricolored Heron. Photo: Jeff Liechty/Audubon Florida



Tricolored Herons Get Much-Needed Assistance in Greater Tampa Bay

Thank you to the Fish & Wildlife Foundation of Florida for their year-long grant to monitor and protect Tricolored Herons in Tampa Bay. Tricolored Herons are listed as threatened by the Florida Fish & Wildlife Conservation Commission due to declining populations across the state.

To reduce threats to Tricolored Herons, Audubon staff, led by Florida Coastal Islands Sanctuary Manager Jeff Liechty, posted signs to reduce human intrusion, deployed game cameras to monitor predator activity, and removed discarded fishing gear that poses an entanglement risk at busy nesting colonies.

Throughout the past year, we have focused efforts on Tricolored Heron's island nesting colonies to boost nesting success. We surveyed colonies to identify Tricolored Heron nesting sites, counted the number of nesting pairs in each colony, and recorded their success in raising chicks.

Using the new data, Audubon will continue to work to not only protect nesting areas, but also conserve and restore critical foraging sites.



▲ Tricolored Heron siblings.
Photo: Jeff Liechty/Audubon Florida

Tricolored Herons nested at 37 sites in the greater Tampa Bay region.

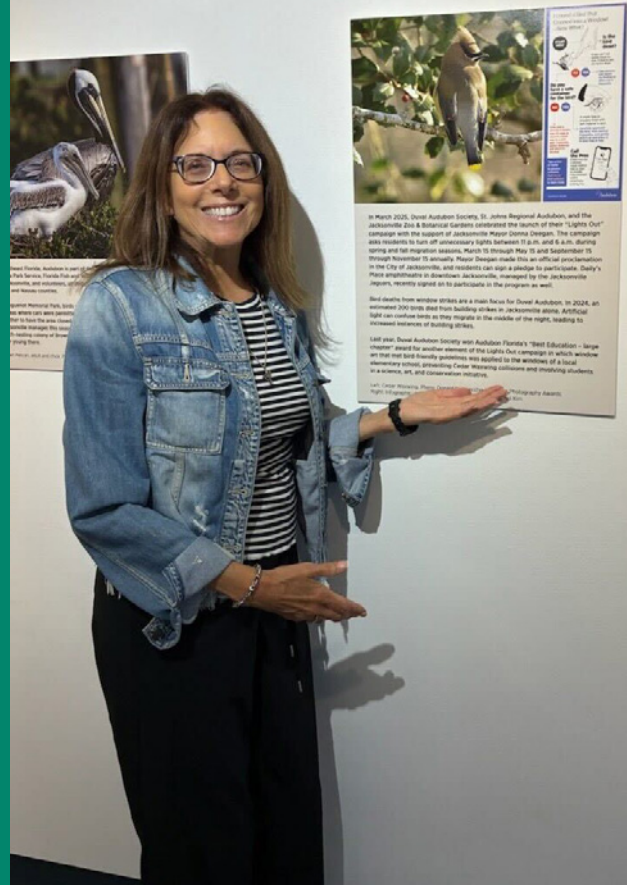
Check it Out: Audubon in Florida Birthday Exhibits in Jacksonville and Deltona

2025 celebrates 125 years of Audubon in Florida with two exciting new exhibits.

Formed to bring wading birds back from the brink of extinction, Audubon has been working for more than a century to protect birds because we know that the things birds rely on—healthy habitats, clean air, abundant fresh water, resilient coastlines—are the same things that people and other wildlife need to thrive. Birds are symbols and sentinels to measure our success, and they inspire us to work collaboratively and expansively throughout the hemisphere. In simplest terms, “what’s good for birds is good for the Earth.”

Through a series of historic photography, contemporary imagery, art pieces, and historical artifacts, we are bringing this history to life at the Jacksonville airport from July 3 through December 15, 2025, and in West Volusia Audubon’s Lyonia Environmental Center from July 10 through October 10, 2025.

Our Jacksonville Airport exhibit includes chapter conservation highlights, including EagleWatch monitoring by St. Johns Audubon Society and efforts to reduce bird-window collisions by Duval Audubon Society.






▲ Duval Audubon Society Vice-President and Conservation Chair Elizabeth Filippelli in front of the Jacksonville Airport exhibit sign illustrating their important work to stop bird-window collisions.

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