

Package ‘CWT’

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Type Package

Title Continuous Wavelet Transformation for Spectroscopy

Version 0.2.3

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Description Fast application of Continuous Wavelet Transformation ('CWT') on time series with special attention to spectroscopy. It is written using data.table and 'C++' language and in some functions it is possible to use parallel processing to speed-up the computation over samples. Currently, only the second derivative of a Gaussian wavelet function is implemented.

License GPL (>= 3)

URL <https://github.com/Antguz/CWT>

BugReports <https://github.com/Antguz/CWT/issues>

Depends R (>= 4.0.0)

Imports data.table (>= 1.14.0), Rcpp

Suggests testthat (>= 3.2.0)

LinkingTo Rcpp, RcppArmadillo

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Config/testthat/edition 3

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Language en-US

SystemRequirements GNU make

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NeedsCompilation yes

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Repository CRAN

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CWT-package	<i>Continuous Wavelet Transformation for Spectroscopy</i>
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Description

Fast application of Continuous Wavelet Transformation on time series with special attention to spectroscopy. It is written using 'data.table' and 'C++' language and in some functions it is possible to use parallel processing to speed-up the computation over samples.

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See Also

Useful links:

- <https://github.com/Antguz/CWT>
- Report bugs at <https://github.com/Antguz/CWT/issues>

cwt	<i>Continuous Wavelet Transform</i>
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Description

Compute a 1D continuous wavelet transformation using 2st order derivative Gaussian wavelet.

Usage

cwt(t, scales, variance = 1, summed_wavelet = FALSE, threads = 1L)

Arguments

<code>t</code>	A <code>data.table</code> , <code>matrix</code> , or <code>numeric</code> vector where columns or values represent time (i.e., bands) and rows samples (i.e., pixels). Remember the transformation assume that columns or values are evenly spaced though time (i.e., bands at equal to sampling interval).
<code>scales</code>	A positive <code>numeric</code> vector describing the scales to compute. The minimum scale (i.e., <code>scales = 1</code>) is equal to sampling interval between columns.
<code>variance</code>	A positive number describing the variance of the Gaussian PDF used to scale. Default <code>variance = 1</code> .
<code>summed_wavelet</code>	If <code>TRUE</code> , it returns the sum of scales. If <code>FALSE</code> , each scale is returned.
<code>threads</code>	An integer specifying the number of threads to use. Experiment to see what works best for your data on your hardware.

Value

If `summed_wavelet = TRUE`, it returns a `data.table` where columns are the sum of wavelet scales.
 If `summed_wavelet = FALSE`, it returns an array (i.e., time, samples, and scales).

Author(s)

J. Antonio Guzmán Q.

Examples

```
time_series <- sin(seq(0, 20 * pi, length.out = 100))

# Using a numeric vector

cwt(t = time_series,
    scales = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5),
    summed_wavelet = FALSE)

cwt(t = time_series,
    scales = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5),
    summed_wavelet = TRUE)

# Using a matrix

times <- 100
frame <- matrix(rep(time_series, times),
                nrow = times,
                byrow = TRUE)

cwt(t = frame,
    scales = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5),
    summed_wavelet = FALSE)

cwt(t = frame,
    scales = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5),
    summed_wavelet = TRUE)
```

resampling_FWHM

*Full Width Half Maximum Resampling***Description**

It resample spectra data using Full Width Half Maximum (FWHM).

Usage

```
resampling_FWHM(spectra, wavelengths, new_wavelengths, FWHM, threads = 1L)
```

Arguments

spectra	A data.table, data.frame, or matrix where columns represent bands and rows samples (i.e., pixels).
wavelengths	A numeric vector describing the current positioning of the spectral bands within spectra.
new_wavelengths	A numeric vector describing positioning of the new spectral bands to resample.
FWHM	A numeric vector describing the Full Width Half Maximums of the new spectral bands. The length of this vector should be equal than the length of new_wavelengths.
threads	An integer specifying the number of threads to use. Experiment to see what works best for your data on your hardware.

Value

It returns a data.table with the resampled spectra, where columns are the new bands and rows are samples. New bands whose FWHM window falls partially outside the range of wavelengths are returned as NA.

Author(s)

J. Antonio Guzmán Q.

Examples

```
mean <- 50
sd1 <- 5
sd2 <- 10
n <- 100

test <- matrix(c(dnorm(1:n, mean = mean, sd = sd1),
                 dnorm(1:n, mean = mean, sd = sd2)),
               nrow = 2,
               byrow = TRUE)
```

```
current_bands <- 1:n
new_bands <- seq(10, 90, by = 5)
FWHM <- rep(5, length(new_bands))

resampling_FWHM(spectra = test,
                wavelengths = current_bands,
                new_wavelengths = new_bands,
                FWHM = FWHM)
```

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